In the article, "Identification of a gene encoding a melanoma tumor antigen recognized by HLA-A31-restricted tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes," by R.-F. Wang, P. F. Robbins, Y. Kawakami, X.-Q. Kang, and S. A. Rosenberg (February 1995, 181:799-804), the legends to Figures 1 and 2 were switched. The figures and their legends appear below.

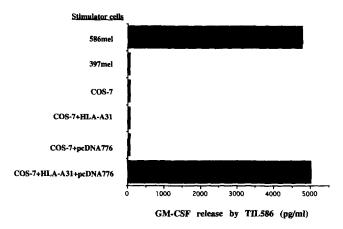


Figure 1. GM-CSF release by TIL586. GM-CSF secretion from TIL586 was significantly increased when co-incubated with COS-7 cells transfected with gp75 and HLA-A31 genes as described in Materials and Methods. Control stimulatory cells included HLA-A31 586mel, 397mel, COS cell alone, and COS cells transfected with either HLA-A31 or the gp75 cDNA. TIL586 was coincubated with stimulatory cells for 24 h and GM-CSF in the supernatant was measured.

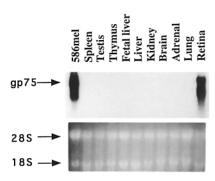


Figure 2. Northern blot analysis of the gp75 expression. 20 µg of total RNAs from different human tissues was loaded. After blotting, the membrane was probed with a 2.2-kb Apal DNA fragment of the gp75 gene. The detected band for gp75 was marked. The 28S and 18S RNA were also marked and served as a indication of similar amount of RNA being used.