

In the article "Deletion of potentially self-reactive T cell receptor specificities in L3T4<sup>-</sup>,LYT-2<sup>-</sup> T cells of *lpr* mice" by Brian L. Kotzin, Susan K. Babcock, and Lynne Herron (December 1988, 168:2221), Figs. 1 and 2 were printed incorrectly. The corrected figures and legends appear below.

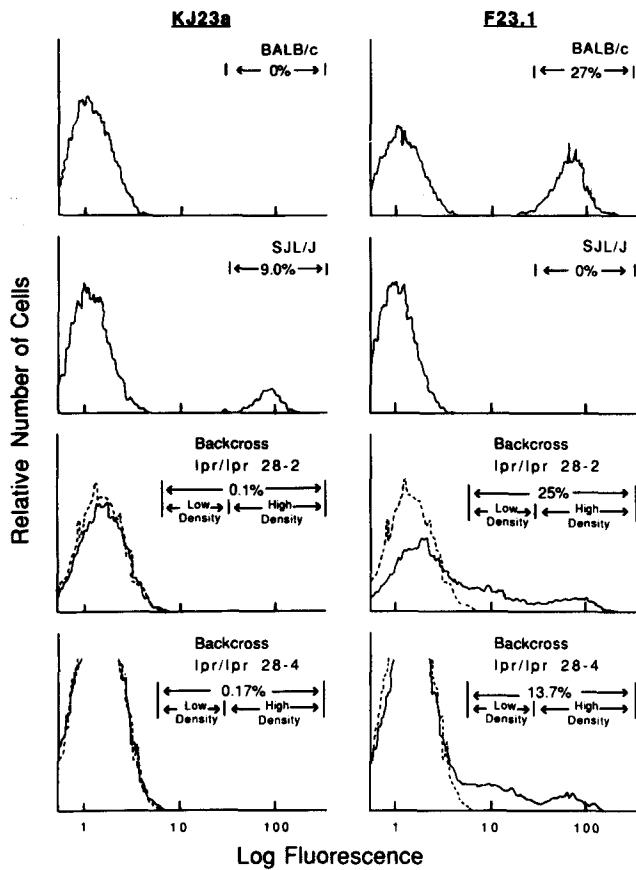
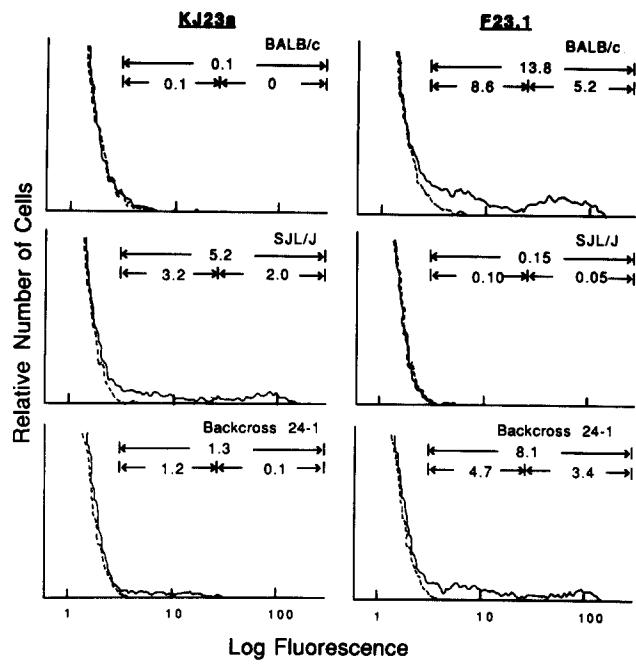


FIGURE 1. Expression of TCRs recognized by KJ23a and F23.1. Fluorescence histograms are shown for lymph node T cells isolated from control BALB/c and SJL/J mice and two representative backcross *lpr/lpr* mice. By Southern analysis of genomic DNA, mice 28-2 and 28-4 were determined to be homozygous for the MRL TCR  $\beta$  chain gene complex and heterozygous for the SJL/J complex, respectively. The dotted lines in the lower figures indicate the staining observed with the second-step reagent alone. Results are shown for  $2 \times 10^4$  cells from backcross mouse 28-4, and for  $10^4$  cells in the other figures.



**FIGURE 2.** Detection of low density KJ23a<sup>+</sup> and F23.1<sup>+</sup> thymocytes. Fluorescence histograms are shown for thymocytes isolated from control BALB/c and SJL/J mice and one representative backcross mouse that was determined to be heterozygous for the SJL/J TCR  $\beta$  chain gene complex. Mice were analyzed at 4–5 wk of age, before the expression of the *lpr* phenotype. The dotted lines indicate the staining observed with the second-step reagent alone. Approximately  $2 \times 10^4$  cells were analyzed for each figure.