

ERO1- β , a pancreas-specific disulfide oxidase, promotes insulin biogenesis and glucose homeostasis

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The authors regret errors in the Materials and methods section of this paper pertaining to the acquisition of the electron micrographs shown in Fig. 4 D. The correct methods for this acquisition are as follows:

Pancreatic tissue was fixed by immersion in 2.5% glutaraldehyde and 2.0% paraformaldehyde in 0.1M sodium cacodylate buffer (pH 7.2), postfixated in 1% osmium tetroxide, and en bloc stained with 1% uranyl acetate. The tissue was dehydrated in ethanol embedded in Epon (Electron Microscopy Sciences). Ultrathin sections were post-stained with uranyl acetate and lead citrate and examined using an electron microscope (model CM12; FEI) at 120 kV. Images were recorded digitally using a camera system (4k \times 2.7k; Gatan, Inc.) with DigitalMicrograph software (Gatan, Inc.).

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